Adulteraton of the article was alleged in the libel in that it consisted in part of a decomposed vegetable substance.

On June 16, 1919, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

E. D. Ball, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

S020, Adulteration of butter. U. S. \* \* \* v. Frank W. Bowar. Plea of guilty. Fine, \$100 and costs. (F. & D. No. 7015. I. S. Nos. 14546-k, 14552-k, 14553-k.)

On March 6, 1916, the United States attorney for the Western District of Wisconsin, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district an information against Frank W. Bowar, Gays Mills, Wis., alleging shipment on or about March 23, 1915, and April 13, 1915, from the State of Wisconsin into the State of Illinois, of quantities of butter which was adulterated.

Analyses of samples of the product by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department showed excessive amounts of water and salt.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the information for the reason that substances, to wit, water and salt, had been mixed and packed with the article so as to lower or reduce and injuriously affect its quality, and had been substituted in part for butter, which the article purported to be.

On November 14, 1919, the defendant company entered a plea of guilty to the information, and the court imposed a fine of \$100 and costs.

E. D. Ball, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

S021. Misbranding of Kar-Ru, Gon-Nol, Kar-Nitum, and Kar-Kol. U. S.

\* \* \* v. Kar-Ru Chemical Co., a Corporation. Tried to the court
and jury. Verdict of guilty. Fine, \$400. Judgment of conviction affirmed in the Circuit Court of Appeals. Motion for rehearing denied. (F. & D. No. 8315. I. S. Nos. 21329-m, 21330-m, 21336-m,
21337-m.)

On January 19, 1918, the United States attorney for the Western District of Washington, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district an information against the Kar-Ru Chemical Co., a corporation, Tacoma, Wash., alleging shipment by said company, in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, as amended, on or about January 26, 1917, from the State of Washington into the State of Oregon, of quantities of articles, labeled in part "Kar-Ru" and "Gon-Nol," and on or about October 6, 1916, from the State of Washington into the State of Oregon, of quantities of articles, labeled in part "Kar-Nitum" and "Kar-Kol," all of which were misbranded.

Analysis of a sample of Kar-Ru by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department showed that it consisted substantially of a mixture of sucrose, starch, and charcoal, the proportions and total weights varying somewhat in the several powders. No alkaloids, mercury, arsenic, salicylates, or other potent medicinal substances were present.

Misbranding of this article was alleged in substance in the information for the reason that certain statements appearing upon its label, regarding the therapeutic or curative effects thereof, falsely and fraudulently represented it to be effective as a remedy for rheumatism, for kidney, liver, bladder, stomach, and catarrhal troubles, for mental and physical debility, neuritis, eczema, blood diseases, irregular menstruation, and the most acute and chronic rheumatic afflictions, when, in truth and in fact, it was not.